

In 1977 it was reported that 18 000 members of the Association for the

Disruption of the Ministry of Education and Science, and the Chief Minister's

ship, had pledged their support to SWAPO 61/.

The South African armed forces are equipped with military equipment and materiel.

several occasions, it has violated the territorial integrity of Zambia, culminating in July 1976 in an armed attack which caused considerable loss of property and life and which was strongly condemned by the Security Council in its resolution 393 (1976) of 30 July 1976. In December 1976, Mr. J. de Wet, the South African Commissioner General for South Africa, Pretoria, Director of South West Africa, the



hanging was condemned by SWAPO which while not endorsing Mr. Maseko's



In the same week, an expulsion order was also served on another churchman, Mr. Rolfe Friede, Director of the Christian Centre in Windhoek, an institution which provides social and legal assistance to Africans.

The expulsions prompted strong protests by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the

The conference was condemned from the outset by SWAPO as yet another device by the South African Government to entrench the "bantustanization" of the Territory, the Nama People's Tribal Executive Committee, the United Nations



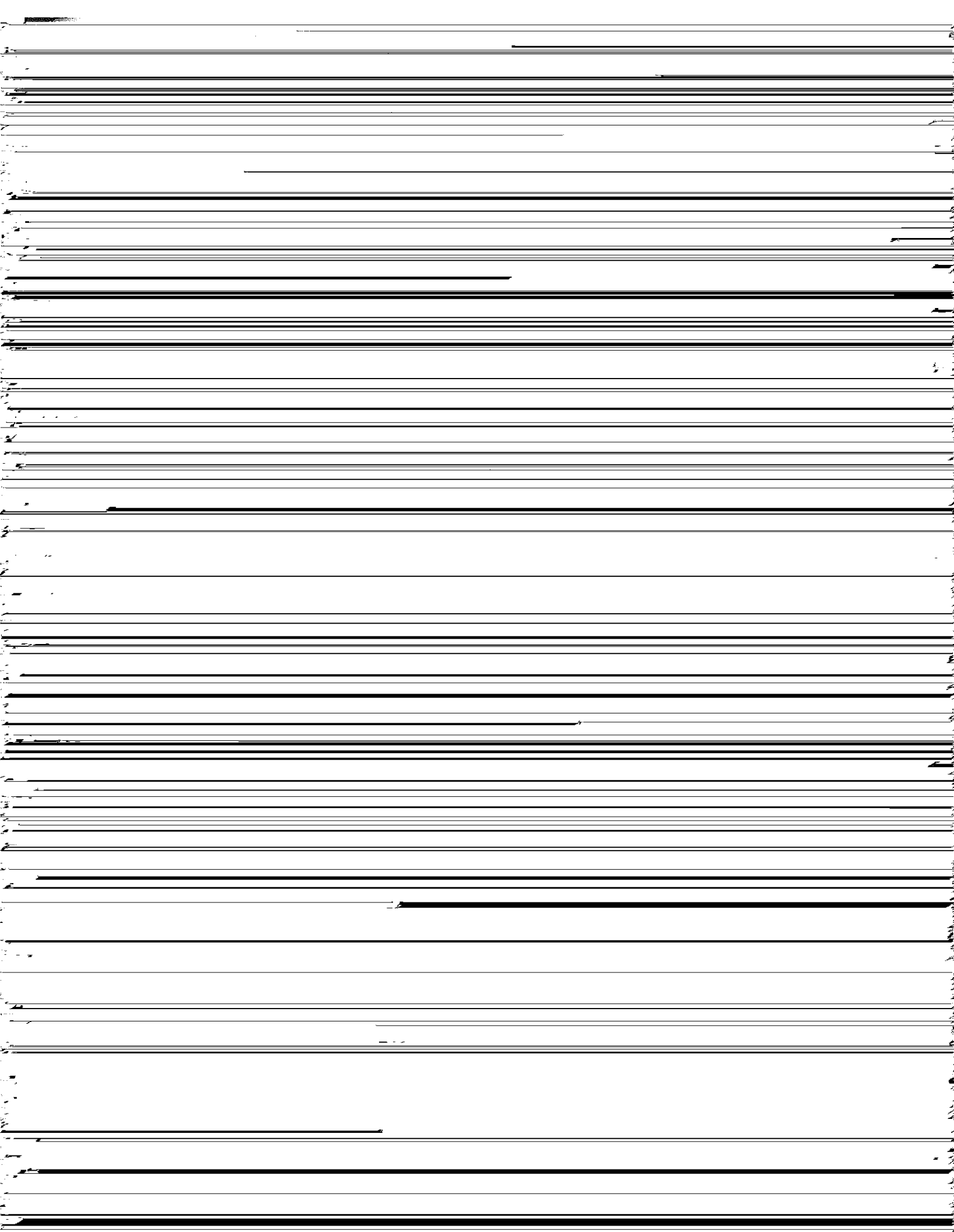
Assembly were to be taken by consensus of the 11 delegations 81/.

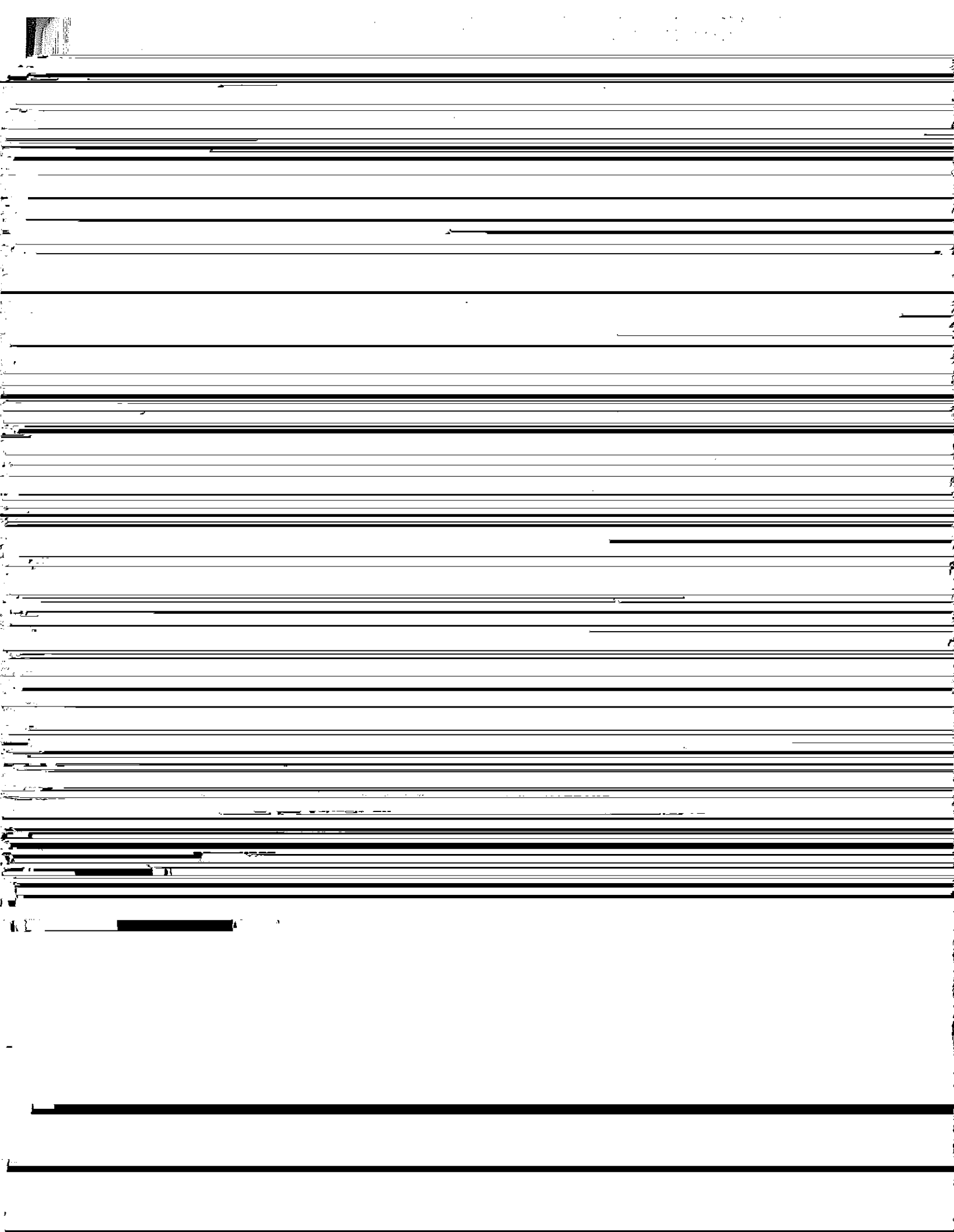
~~Whether the draft constitution was any concrete decision by the conference~~



2. The administration of the Territory in the transitional period. In June

















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regarded as invalid all of the resolutions flowing therefrom, including the Security Council resolution.

The response of the Security Council has been to adopt a succession of resolutions each more severe but all falling short of enforcement action.

Thus, in August 1969, the Security Council 105/ specifically recognized the ~~legitimacy of the struggle of the people of Namibia against the illegal presence~~

of the South African authorities in the Territory; requested all States to increase their moral and material assistance to the people of Namibia in their struggle; and called on all States to refrain from all dealings with the Government of South Africa urporting to act on behalf of the Territory of Namibia.

