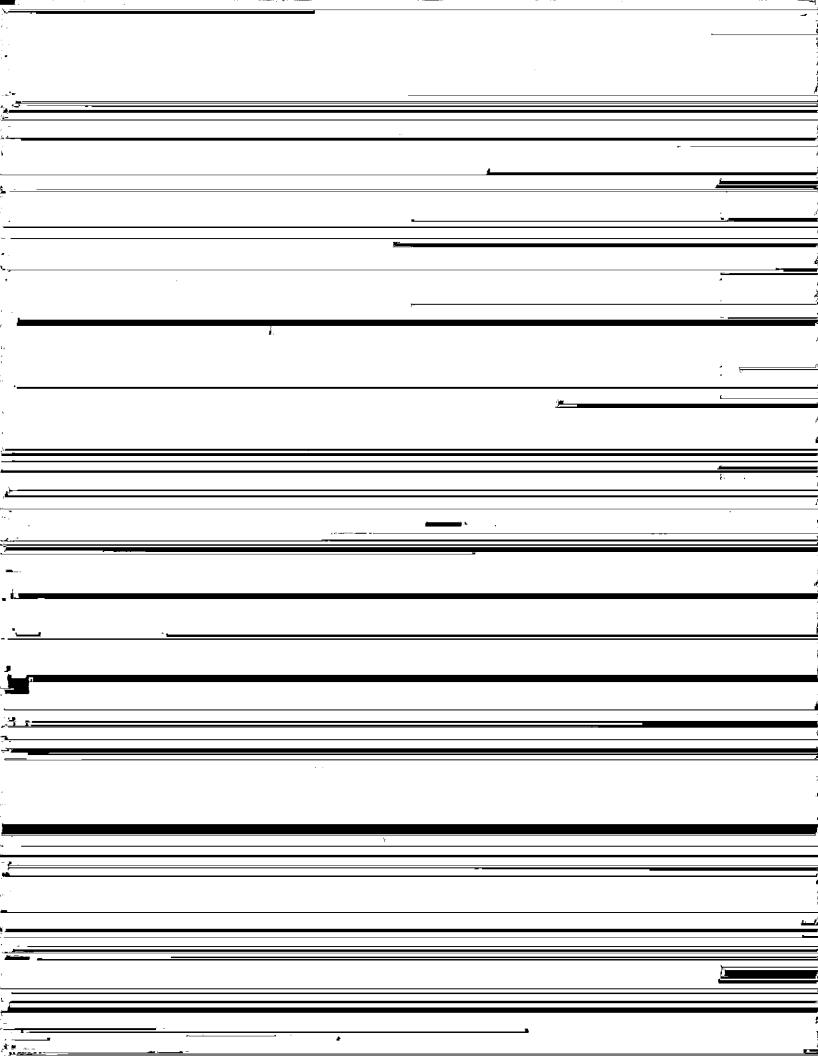
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# I. BACKGROUND OF THE DECLARATION

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Puerto Rico, Greenland, the Netherlands Antilles and Surinam, Alaska and Hawaii, the General Assembly adopted resolutions accepting the cessation of the transmission of information, while in others, such as the French Territories and Departments in the Caribbean the South Design and the

Integration should come about only after the integrating Territory has attained an advanced stage of self-government with free political institutions and should be the result of the freely expressed wishes of the Territory's peoples "acting with full knowledge of the change in their status, their wishes having been expressed through informed and democratic processes, impartially conducted and based on universal adult

its supervision.

Applying these principles, the General Assembly determined at the

# II. ADOPTION OF THE DECLARATION

The admiresion	of 16 newly	independent_	African States	to membership	
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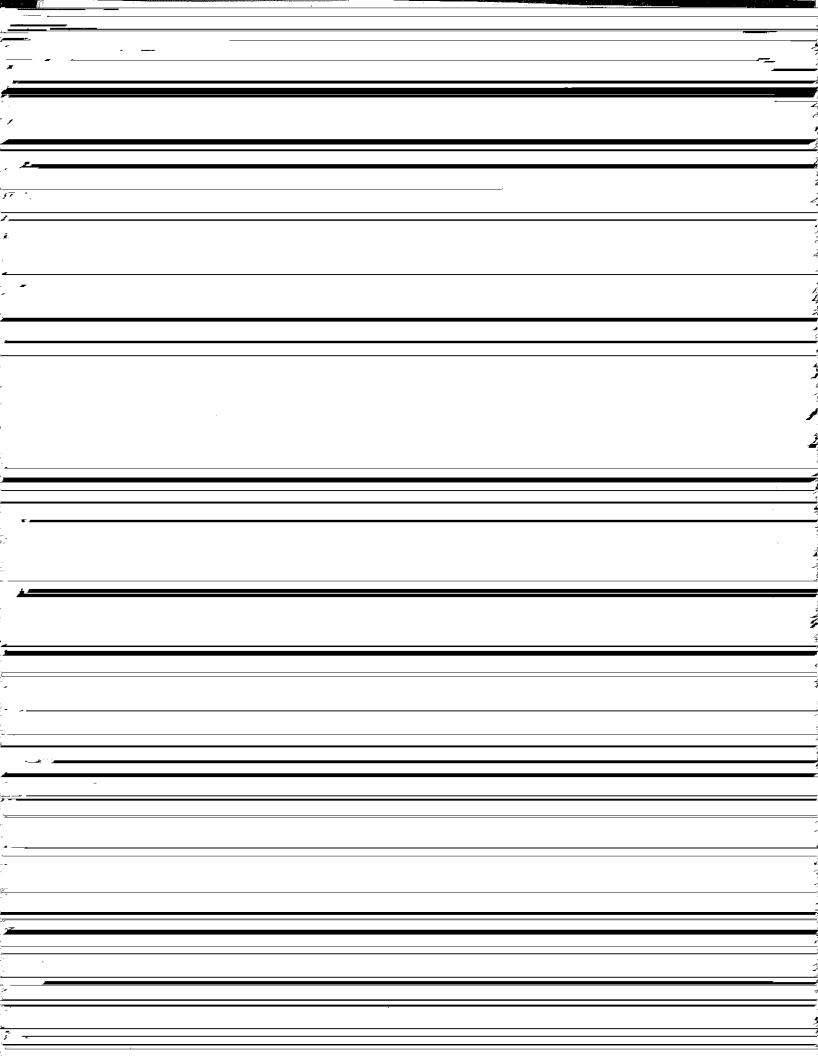
and co-operation; (b) "all peoples" have the right to self-determination by virtue of which they freely determine their political status and <u>r</u>

At the following session the General Assembly decided to expand the size and scope of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to ī

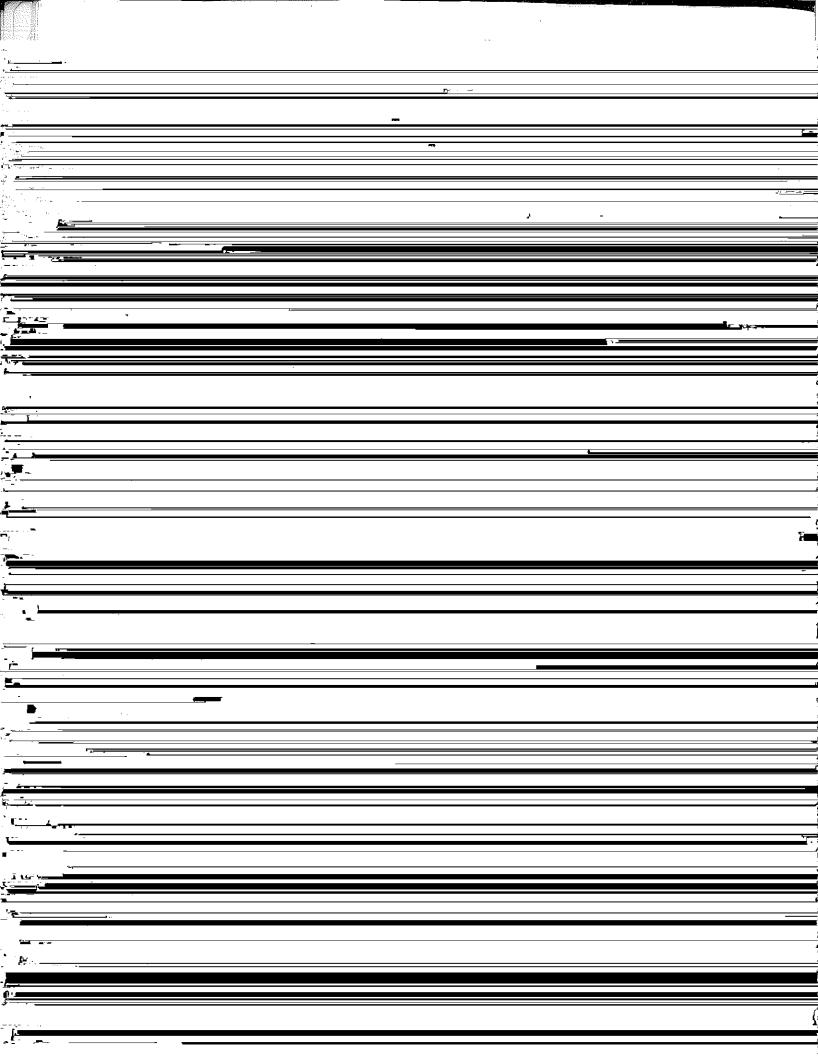
	established on the basis of universal adult suffrage. 16/ The Assembly	
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	(d) Respect for the unity and territorial integrity of the Non-Self-Governing Territory concerned and the repudiation of anvacts
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	(e) The obligation of the administering Powers to create such
	conditions in the Territories concerned as would enable their peoples to
	exercise freely their inalienable right to self-determination and independence and the importance of fostering an awareness among those
	peoples of the possibilities open to them in the exercise of that right;
	(f) The convening of a constitutional conference; the cessation of
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by colonial and racist Powers which ignored, violated, denied or conflicted with the inalienable right of peoples under colonial domination to self-determination and independence. The Assembly further stated that Momber States should render all necessary moral and material exercise their right to self-determination and independence; and that



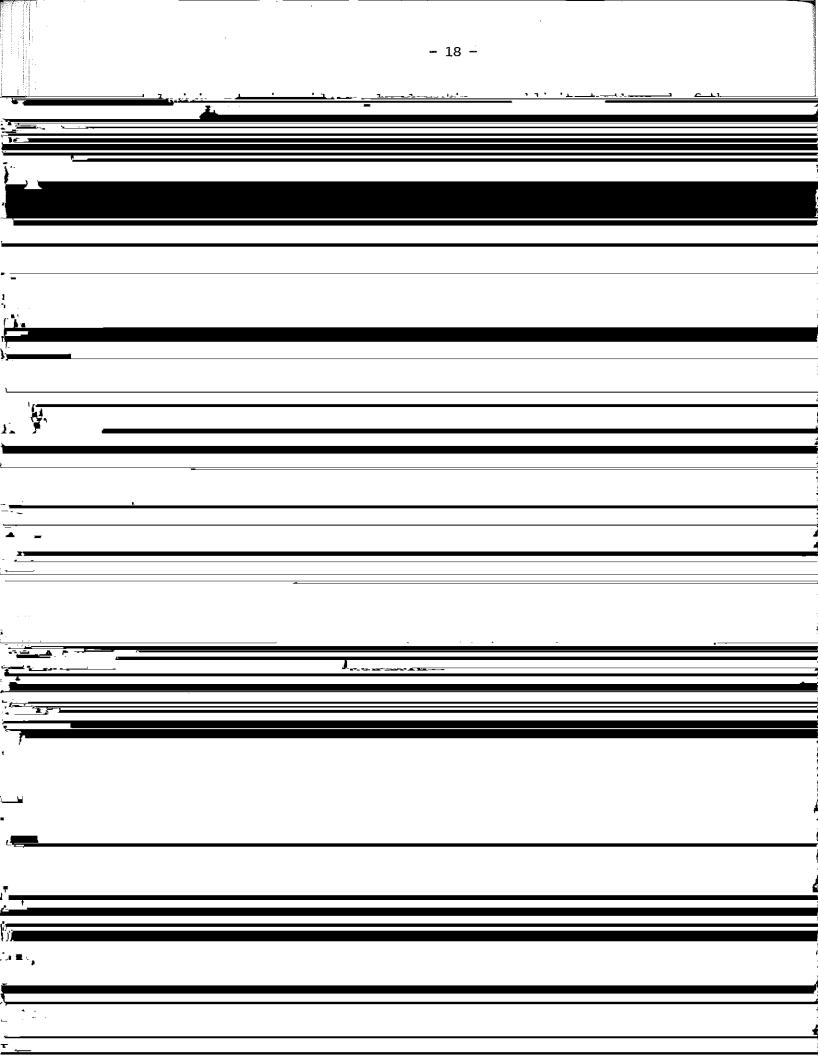
F. Requests to specialized agencies	and other
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<u>international organizations</u>	<u> </u>
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The Special Committee has also unwired with the	are of the medialized
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# G. Problems of small Territories

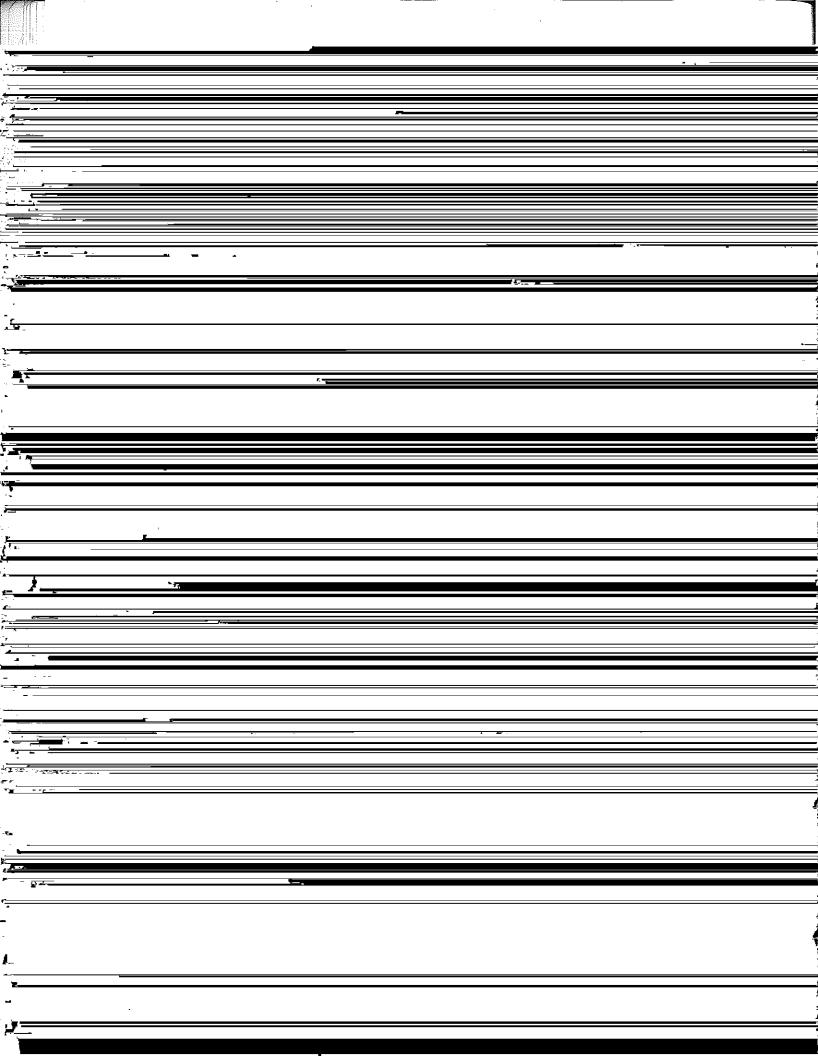
The principles set out in the Declaration apply no less to small Territories in the Caribbean, Atlantic or Pacific oceans. The Special Committee and the General Assembly have recognized that these Territories, because of their size, geographical location, population and limited natural resources, present special problems but that none the less the Declaration is entirely applicable to them.

In 1965 and subsequent years the General Assembly requested the Special Committee to pay particular attention to the small Territories. In its Plan of Action for the Full Implementation of the Declaration 21/the





	In the 3	30 years since	the adoption of	f the Declarati	on, 53	r
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	Most of the petitioners ask for an opportunity to exercise their inalienable right to self-determination in accordance with the provisions of the Charter and the Declaration; express their concerns regarding the economic, social and educational conditions in their respective	
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## <u>Notes</u>

1/ Chapters XI, XII and XIII of the Charter.

2/ See table 1. The list was based on the replies sent by Member States to a letter from the Secretary-General requesting them to

7/ Resolution 742 (VIII).

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