

**49th Session of the UN Commission on Population and Development**

**Address for Agenda Item 7**

**He Zhaohua, Deputy Director-General of the Department of Family Development, China**

**National Health and Family Planning Commission**

*(Ann 14, 2016, New York, United States)*

**Dear Mr. Chairman, representatives, ladies and gentlemen:**

1994 ICRD Programme of Action integrated population issues into a sustainable

11

universal two-child policy was made at the Fifth Plenary Session of the 18th CPC Central Committee, according to which by year 2020, China must realize the goal of

medical and health systems covering urban and rural residents, promote the equalization of

basic public health services between urban and rural areas, achieve the universal access to basic medical and health services, further increase the per capita life expectancy, and further decrease the infant mortality and maternal mortality, with major health indicators comparable with that in moderately developed countries. With the announcement of the universal two-child policy, at the Fourth Session of the 12th National People's Congress held in Beijing