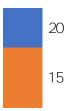
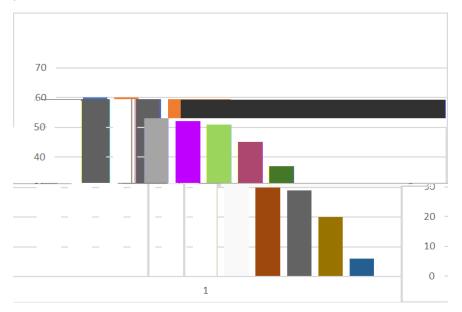
Compilat on of results from the init al survey of capacity

Quest on 2 generated 80 responses and allowed respondents to select only one opt on out of the list, thus prompt ng them to choose their most important capacity-building priority. The need to improve understanding of the BBNJ Agreement among government of cials ranked highest, followed by demands for technical assistance with nat onal law/regulat on/policy, and for the preparat on of government agencies for the BBNJ Agreement's entry into force.



Bet er understanding of the BBNJ Agreement among government of cials
Technical assistance with nat onal law/regulat on/policy as well as other
documentat on to support becoming party to the BBNJ Agreement and its imple i nit and to law/ ni

Quest on 3 generated 80 responses as well. It allowed mult ple responses, enabling respondents to select all areas of the BBNJ Agreement they require capacity-building support with. Overall, the interest in capacity-building act vit es relating to specific areas of the Agreement seemed high, since many respondents selected various options. Marine genetic resources, including the fair and equitable sharing of benefits and capacity-building and the transfer of marine technology ranked highest, followed by environmental impact assessments, measures such as area-based management tools, including marine protected areas, and financial resources and mechanism.



- 60 Marine genet c resources, including the fair and equitable sharing of benef ts Capacity-building and the transfer of marine
- 60 technology
- 53 Environmental impact assessments
- 52 Measures such as area-based management tools, including marine protected areas
- 51 Financial resources and mechanism
- 45 Implementat on and compliance
- 37 Inst tut onal arrangements
- 30 General provisions
- 29 Set lement of disputes
- 20 Final provisions
- 6 Other

- Ø Facilitate workshops and training programmes enhancing the skills of scient sts at the national level to establish area-based management tools, including marine protected areas.
- Ø Support developing countries with the creat on and sustainable use of marine protected areas surrounding their territory.
- Ø Generate, in a collaborat ve manner, technical guidelines to substant ate area-based management tools, and provide training for technical advisors on such guidelines.

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Compilat on of results from the init al survey of capacity-