



PERMANENT MISSION OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR

TO THE UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK

NEW YORK, 4th August 2009

The Permanent Mission of the Union of Myanmar to the United Nations presents
Limits of the Continental Shelf it claims beyond 200 nautical miles from the baselines from

Myanmar notes that, in her executive summary India has made a reference to
Section 7 of its Territorial Waters, Continental Shelf, Exclusive Economic Zone and Other
Maritime Zones Act, 1976 and unilaterally constructed the median line as a potential maritime
boundary between India and Myanmar.

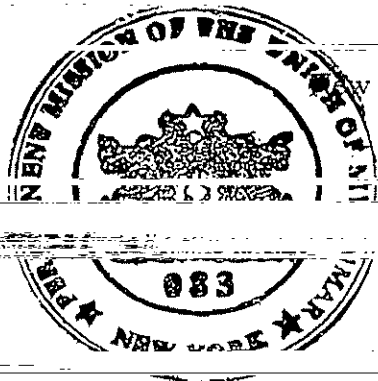
and based on the domestic law of India is not in conformity with the provisions of article 82 of
the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea.

between Myanmar and India in the Andaman Sea, in the Co Co Channel and in the bay of
Bamoa that extends 200 nautical miles in the sea (point 1 to 16) was delimited by a bilateral
agreement between the two countries signed in 1986, followed by the ratification thereof in
1987. Myanmar and India have agreed to discuss mutually to further extend the maritime
boundary beyond point 16.

Myanmar therefore requests the commission that India's submission be
considered without prejudice to the continental shelf areas which Myanmar is fully entitled to
claim in accordance with the relevant provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law
of the Sea (UNCLOS).

The Permanent Mission of the Union of Myanmar to the United Nations avails
of its highest consideration

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